FOR WILLFUL MURDER

Patrick Eugene Prendergast Locked Up in a Cell in Murderers' Row.

BRIEF VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY

Facts Learned at the Inquest Substantially Those Already Told in The Bee.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE MAYOR'S FUNERAL

Plans for Imposing Obsequies in Honor of the Executive of Chicago.

PRENDERGAST'S CLOAK OF INDIFFERENCE

He Sat Unaffected and Listened to the Details of His Awini Crime-Personal Appearance of the Murderer-The Inquest.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-According to the finding of the coroner's jury the late Carter H. Harrison "came to his death on the 28th day of October from shock and hemorrhage caused by pullet wounds inflicted at the hands of Patrick Eugene Prendergase and the said Prendergast is held in custody to await the action of the grand jury."

The inquest over the remains of the assassinated mayor was begun promptly at 10 o'clock this morning by Coroner McHale, assisted by Deputy Coroner Kelly. The announcement that the inquest would be held at that hour at the late residence of the dead man caused a great crowd to collect at the house. Ashland boulevard, half way from Jackson to Van Buren street, was lined with persons, all anxious to hear the result. The jury was composed of the following named representative citizens: Christian C. Konlsaat, judge of the probate court, foreman; Charles F. Elmes, manufacturer of machinery: William J. Chalmers, president of the firm of Fraser & Chalmers, manufacturers of machinery; Sanford A. Scribner of the firm of Scribner, Creighton & Co., commission merchants; Ulrich King, president of the Chicago Cheese company, 73 South Water street; Peter R. O'Brien, cigar

The taking of testimony was accompanied by some of the most dramatic scences Imaginable, including as it did the examination of those who were nearest and dearest to the dead man, excepting, of course, Miss Howard, who was too ill to appear.

Prendergast Was Prominent.

In the assemblage the most conspicuous figure was Prendergast, the murderer, and he was conspicuous more because of his utter indifference to the great grief in such overwhelming evidence around him than be cause of his presence. Poorly dressed in a coarse dark suit, with short, squarecut coat, with soiled collar and cravat, the guilty man was only out of place; but it was the man and not his appearance that excited the most contempt and pity. Hardly a ray of intelli more an animal than a human being. The heavy, hanging jaw, the dull, restless eyes. the coarse features, all betrayed an intellect of the lowest order. Such was the creature that shot Chicago's mayor because that official would not appoint him corporation counsel. The very idea of such a thing would be grotesquely humorous were it not so tragic.

Prendergast was stolldly indifferent when he first appeared. He was brought over from the Central station by Lieutenant Haas in a closed carriage and entered the house by the sice entrance. To prevent any attempt at escape he was handcuffed to Detective Sergeant Edward Flaherty. The crowd gatherd in front of the Harrison man sion did not know of the prisoner's coming, so there was no demonstration. He was whisked from the carriage to the house so quickly that but few of the crowd saw him Nothing to Say to the Jury.

He was positively identified by the servant girl who admitted him to the house when on his mission of death. When asked by the foreman of the jury if he had any statement "I prefer not to. I cannot make any state

He was then led back into the hall, where he sat sullenly, while the jury retired to

prepare its verdict. While sitting there Prendergast saw Mrs. W. J. Chamlers walking to and fro ; and

calling Lieutenaat Hass he asked: "No," replied the lieutenant. "Why?"

"Oh, I only want to tell her how much sympathize with her in her misfortune, cooly replied Prendergast.

As soon as as the verdict was announced Prendergist was again placed in a closed carriage and driven to the county jail. Though the streets were crowded with thousands of angry and excited men, who loudly cursed the murderer, no attempt to lay violent hands upon him was made, The trip to the jail was without incident, and Prendergast took up his lodgings in cell No. 11, in Murderers' Row, which he will not leave in all probability till he walks to the scaffold.

When reporters were admitted he ex-pressed a desire to be let alone, as he knew for what he was confined and had no statement to make. He asked for papers, as he wished to read what had been said about him. He was accommodated and retired to the corner of the gloomy cage. When shown a sketch of himself he laughed and ex-

They will hang me sure if you put that

Personal Appearance of the Murderer. Prendergast looked a pitiable creature. His appearance, as well as his manner and nversation, has traces that betoken idiocy ental weakness is stamped all over him His features are square, with the cheel nes prominent and the under lip protrud g. His ears are abnormally large. His ing. His ears are abnormally large. His bair is closely cropped and his head has that peculiarly rugged, ill-shapen appearance that is seen in persons of small mental capacity. He was dressed in a cheap well-worn, dark-colored suit of tweed. He put on his shabby, soft black hat at the request of the artist. In build the prisoner is spare and boyish looking. His shoulders stoop slightly, and his arms hang loosely by his sides. He has all the appearance of a man that has been insufficiently nourished. That he is physically as well as mentally That he is physically as well as mentally

Resting in His Bedroom.

The remains of the honored dead lay all day in the room which had been always occupied by Mr. Harrison as a sleeping apartment in the second story of the south wing of the house on Ashland avenue. Here they were brought a short time after death had cut short the sufferings of the wounded official and were not disturbed, save as the necessities of the coroner's inquest or some attentions in preparation for burial required. Late yesterday afternoon a death mask was executed by Sculptor Fuchs at the express wish of the family. The result is said to be a most lifelike counterfeit of Mr. Harrison's countenance, the mask being a success in every way.

Mr. Harrison's countenance, the mask being a success in every way.

So far only general arrangements have been made for the funeral. The family has decided that the funeral shall be a public or official one and notice has been given to members of the city council to that effect. It has been decided that the remains shall be taken to the city hall tomorrow morning at an hour which will be set by row morning at an hour which will be set by the council. There they will lie in state until the hour set by the council for the fu-neral ceremonies, which the members of the family desire shall take place some time Wednesday. The interment will be in Graceland cometery, the remains being temporarily placed in a vault there. All the de-tails will be left to the city council, which will meet in special session at 10 o'clock this morning to make arrangements to that

Catafalque in the County Building. President Edmondson of the Board of County Commissioners has tendered the use of the county building for the funeral cereof the county building for the funeral cere-monies. The idea is to have the re-mains lie in state on the second floor and about midway of the aisle connecting the two buildings, so that the public can enter either from Lasalle or Clark street, as may be designated, and then proceed through to the opposite street, viewing the remains in passing. The honorviewing the remains in passing. The honorary pail bearers, who have been selected by the family, are: Thomas W. Palmer, H. N. Higinbotham, General Nelson A. Miles, ex-Governor Richard J. Oglesby, Ferd W. Peck, Judge Lyman Trumbull, P. H. Winston, H. J. Jones, General Charles Fitzsimmons, C. K. G. Billings, Adolph Kraus, P. D. Armour, Frank Winter, ex. Mayor John A. Baybe, ex. K. G. Billings, Adolph Kraus, P. D. Armour, Frank Winter, ex-Mayor John A. Roche, ex-Mayor Joseph Medell, ex-Mayor Hemp-stead Washburn, Judge Frank Adams, R. A. Waller, Judge B. B. Magruder, Judge L. B. Collins. The active pall bearers will be eight captains of police, who will be designated by Superintendent Brennan.

CHICAGO'S MURDERED MAYOR.

Facts Which Were Brought Out at the Inquest Yesterday. CHICAGO, Oct. 29 .- The inquest on the body of Mayor Harrison was held this afternoon at his late residence on Ashland avenue. Except a technical description of the wounds but little news was elicited. The verdict was in accordance with the facts, and recommended that Prendergast be held for the murder until discharged by due process of

Stories They Had. Mary Hanson, the domestic, and Coachman Risberg held to the story previously told and identified Prendergast as the mayor's assailant. When the prisoner encountered them at the inquest he made no attempt to deny the identification, and in instance of Mary Hanson assented to it verbally. He maintained a stolid indiffer ence during the hearing. Once, however, he betrayed a little feeling over his crime. He was sitting near the witness stand and his attention was attracted by the presence of Mrs. W. J. Chalmers. For a moment his stolidity was broken and he pulled the lieutenant's sleeve. The officer bent toward his prisoner and heard him ask: "Is that Mrs.

"No," replied the lieutenant, "it is Why did you ask!" "I wanted to tell her," replied Prender-

gast, "that I was sorry for her trouble." With that remark he relapsed into silence and returned to all other questions a vacant Preston Harrison's Evidence.

William Preston Harrison, the mayor's son, related what he knew of the case, was questioned but little and quickly retired from the room. He said: "I heard shots fired, but I was in an upper room and did not see any one shooting. I hurried down to my father and spoke to him and asked him what the matter was. He said he was shot and dying. 'Get Annie over at once,' was his only reply. He died in about twenty minutes after I had found him."

John Wheeler, a police officer who was in charge of Prendergast at one time during the night, testified that the murderer had onfessed the crime to him, saying that he did it because the mayor had not made him corporation counsel.

Other witnesses examined were officers at Desplaines street station. F. A. McDowell, patrol sergeant, identified the revolver he

O. C. Barbour, desk sergeant at the sta tion, saw Prendergast surrender to Mc-Dowell and heard bim say he shot Carter Harrison because the mayor, he said, had broken faith with him in failing to appoint him corporation counsel. Prendergast had told him he lived at 609 Perry street.

Result of the Post Mortem.

According to the post mortem examination, the results of which were submitted to the jury, five bullet wounds made by four bullets were found in the mayor's body. Three balls remained in the body. One lodged in the maseles of the back. Another passed through the liver and was found in the bowels. The third struck near the shoulder, and ranging downward ledged under the skin. A detailed report of the examination made by Dr. L. J. Mitchell and concurred in by Dr. Ludwig Hektor was read as follows: made by Dr. L. J. Mitchell and concurred in by Dr. Ludwig Hektor was read as follows:

I have made a post mortem examination of the body of Carter II. Harrison. The body was that of a man five feet nine Inches high and weighing about 225 pounds. I found five round openings on the body, such as are usually made by bullets. Number one passed through the left hand, breaking the bone of the little finger, and came out in the palm, forming wound number two. Number three was in the middle line about five inches above the navel, passed once through the bowels and lodged in the muscles of the back. Here a leaden builet was found. Number four wound was three inches below and to the right of the right nipple. The builet passed through the right tenth rib and liver. A leaden builet was found to the bowels. Number five wound was just below the front of the right shoulder, passed down under the skin about four inches. Here a third lead undullet was found. There was a considerable quantity of blood in the right chest and in the abdonce. I conclude Carter H. Harrison came to his death from shock and hemorrhages following the above builet wounds.

I. J. Mitcuelle, M. D. Ledwig Hekktor, M. D. Ledwig Hekktor, M. D. concurring.

Verdict of the Jury.

Verdict of the Jury.

The jury, after taking medical reports and testimony, retired, and a few moments after returned this verdict; That he is physically as well as mentally weak can be seen at a giance.

Eager for His Victim.

To the police he said that he had called at the Harrison residence three times yesterday, once in the morning and twice in the evening, spending the intervening time in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association on Kenzie street. He indignastly denies that he is insane, and holds that he was justified in taking the life of the man who had so basely betrayed him. He is a monomaniae on the subject of Henry George's single tax theory, and says he is great admirer of Father McGlynn.

The tragedy received attention in all

churches today and was the only topic of conversation in all circles. All flags at the fair were displayed at half mast and all galeties eliminated from the program. The effect of the awful tragedy could be plainly seen in the greatly decreased attendance to-day, and it will tend to in a great measure detract from the glory of the Columbus day program tomorrow.

Mr. Harrison was prominent in social as well as political circles and his death has caused many functions in upper circles to be abandoned or postponed.

Resting in His Bedroom.

The remains of the honored dead lay all day in the room which had been always occupied by Mr. Harrison as a sleeping apartment in the second story of the south wing of the house on Ashland avenue. Here they were brought a short time after death had cut short the sufferings of the wounded official

in Cook county.

Chicago's Next Mayor.

Oscar D. Wetherell, city comptroller of Chicago, who by the death of Mayor Harri-son becomes acting mayor, is a republican. He is a native of New Hampshire, but removed to Chicago many years ago and be-came a prominent lumberman. Something like tweive years ago he was elected to the city council of Chicago and served for at least two terms as chairman of the fluance committee. Three years ago he was elected president of the Globe National bank and last spring on Harrison's election Mr. Wetherells was appointed comptroller. He is about 60 years of age.

AT THE HOME OF THE MAYOR.

Thousands Call to Express Their Sorrow-

Messages of Condolence. CHICAGO, Oct. 29.-The family residence of Carter H. Harrison was thronged with sorrowing friends all day. There was a crush of carriages and people before the house and for blocks in all directions during the afternoon. Sorrow was expressed with sincerity on all sides. The sidewalks were impassable. Six policemen kept the crowd moving on and two more officers were stationed beon and two more officers were stationed before the main entrance of the house to prevent its being overcrowded with visitors.
Granville W. Browning, an intimate friend
of the family, assisted by Mr. Fulton of the
Times, Mr. Fitzhugh Harrison, a relative,
and several others, received all callers who
came during the afternoon and evening.

The members of the family were denied to
all but the most intimate friends. All
of them bore up bravely under the
terrible affliction, the real significance
of which could hardly be realized by them. Miss Howard, the late mayor's
flance, although prostrated by the shock,

fiance, although prostrated by the shock, rested quietly during the day in the apartment to which she had been taken when the true nature of the terrible event had been

revealed to her.

Telegrams and letters of sympathy in great numbers were received from private and political friends of the late mayor in various political friends of the late mayor in various parts of the country as well as in Chicago. Many prominent politicians who were of the same spolitical faith as Mr. Harrison and many of those who had been his political opponents called at the house in person to offer their condolences. Among the first cards to be received were those of Vice President and Mrs. Stevenson, which were brought to the bereaved household by Miss Stevenson, a daughter of the vice president.

Will Take Part in the Funeral. Early in the afternoon Captain Farrell of the Marching club of the Cook county de-mocracy called, and arrangements were made by which the club will take part in the funeral services. Chief Sweenie of the fire department, who was hurt while dis-charging his duty not long ago, was another caller during the afternoon. He was driven to the house in a carriage, and, as he still goes on crutches, he had to be carried through the crowd to the house. The chief was the only visitor during the after-noon who was allowed to see Carter Harrison, jr., to offer his sympathy in person.

A delegation from Apollo commandery,
Knights Templar, of which Mr. Harrison was a member, also called during the day.

Among the many telegrams was the fol lowing from Secretary Gresham, who had been an intimate friend of Mr. Harrison: Washington, Oct. 29.—To William Preston Harrison, Chicago, Ill.: I tender to the sur-viving members of your father's family sincere sympathy in their great sorrow. W. Q. Gresham.

The Old Guard of New York sent the following, signed by T. E. Sloan, major commanding:

CARTER HARRISON, JR., Chicago: The Old Guard of New York expresses its deepest sym-pathy in this, your terrible bereavement, and mourns with you in your affliction. From Ex-President Harrison.

Among the other messages of condolene received by the family today were the fol-Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 29.—My daughter, Mrs. McKee, joins me in offering to you and to the family the fullest sympathy of our hearts in your appailing sorrow.

in your appailing sorroy BENJAMIN HARRISON. BENJAMIN HARRISON.
CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—I trust you will allow me as a friend—through his sweet couriesy to all —of your poor father to express to you the deep sympathy that I feel with you all in your terrible affliction. We are all aghast at the horrible tragedy which has deprived you of such a father and your country of such a citizen.

Here have the country of the country of the citizen. Hype Park, Oct. 29.—We express our heart-Hype Park, Oct. 29.—We express our heart-less for your late bereavement in

HYDE PARK, Oct. 29.—We express our heartfelt sympathles for your late bereavement in
the death your father, Mayor Harrison.
C. MATZUTAIRA AND NTAMAKA,
Of the Japanese Commissioners.

LaCrosse, Wis., Oct. 29.—Heartfelt words of
condolence express words of sympathy for the
living, sorrow for the dead. Our city grieves
for yours.
D. Frank Powell, Mayor. CHATTANOOGA Tenn, Oct. 29—Chattanooga is inexpressibly shocked at the murder of Mayor Harrison, and is horrified at the monstrous crime. Accept our profound sympathy on this grievous calamity.

GEORGE W. OCHS, Mayor.

IN THE CHICAGO PRESS.

Editorial Utterances on the Crime of the Lunatic Prendergest.
CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—The Chicago papers will tomorrow print the following editorials on the tragedy:

Record: "Carter H. Harrison, when he

died, was the most widely known Chicago citizen. Stephen A. Douglas and John A. Logan had a far higher fame, but not as Chicagoans. John Wentworth was personally known to a large proportion of the citizens of Chicago thirty years ago, but his fame was linked to that of the sprawling western town of that day. Carter Harrison stood as the representative of the second city of the continent, the builder of the city of the continent, the builder of the greatest World's exposition. He made a business of politics and knew his business. The moral side of his administration was always disappointing to the sbest public sentiment. Yet, in times of disorder, as during the recent riotous lake front demonstrations, he was fearlessly on the side of order. Carter Harrison as mayor of the city during eight.

Harrison, as mayor of the city during eight momentous years and during the exposition period, has no small part in the history of hicago, which now sincerely mourns for Times: "It is clear that the assassin was unknown to the man ruthlessly made his victim, and he had no cause of grievance whatever, save as it existed in his disordered fancy. But the deed he wrought was of fearful moment, and it must be the care of the law that never again shall he be placed so that his deranged intellect shall prompt him to further awful crimes possible of com-

Inter Ocean: "All Chicago now mourns the terrible taking off of its mayor, as al the United States then mourned the assassi nation of its president. At such a time as this, and in the presence of a crime so ap-paliting, colitical differences are forgotten and universal impulse is to see only the common loss and grief."

DENVER, Oct. 20.—The intelligence of the murder of Mayor Harrison of Chicago was received here with intense regret, and the public can scarcely find language strong enough to express its condemnation of the orime. Speaking this evening of the dead CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

THREATENED THE PRESIDENT

Crank Prendergast Wrote Fiery Letters to a Member of the Senate.

TOOK INTEREST IN THE DEBATE ON SILVER

Dubois of Idaho the Recipient of Many Angrily Worded Communications - A Sample Copy of the Musives Written by the Assassin.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE,) 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.

Prendergast's buliets, which took the life of Mayor Carter Barrison in Chicago last night, might have found lodgment in the heart of a United States senator, or even the president of the United States. For full two weeks before the culmination of the assassination of Chicago's magor Prendergast had been directing messages through the mails to at least one Inited States senator, which indicated that his mind was intensely wrought up against President Cleveland and possibly others favoring the repeal of the silver law. The burden of all these communications was on the silver question, and Prendergast disclosed that he was a devotee of free silver, even to the point of showing an unbalanced mind. The letters came to Senator Fred T. Dubois of Idaho, who, as is well known, has been the nominal leader of the silver forces during of Idaho, who, as is well known, has been the nominal leader of the silver forces during the past month. The first missive came about October 9, and since then scarcely a morning has passed without the receipt of a communication from Prendergast. They came at the same time each day, indicating that the writer was pursuing a regular daily course and was writing in response to an impulse which seized him every day at about the same time. The senator's custom is to have all of his mall pass through the hands of his private secretary, Mr. Borlan, who sorted out the important letters to receive immediate attention.

receive immediate attention. Was Very Familiar, From the familiarity with which Prendergast addressed the senator Mr. Borlan at first believed the writer was some old Illinois friend of Mr. Dubois. He asked the senator about the writer and was informed that he was unknown to him. Day after day the missives kent coming and stored day seemed to was unknown to him. Day after day the missives kept coming, and each day seemed to show in them an added intensity of feeling, indicating that the progress of the silver debate in the senate was being closely followed by him, and the prospect of the adoption of the unconditional repeal bill appeared to have wrought him up to a high pitch of emotional excitement. The missives were all written upon the new and large style of postal cards. Prendergast attifized all of the available space on the card and wrote so closely that his communications often comprehended the day's doings of the senate, with the writer's comments thereon. Secrewith the writer's comments thereon. Secretary Borlan describes the writing as indicative of a man of good education. It was well punctuated and couched in gramatic and forcible language. A lead pencil was often used in writing. There was considerable underscoring, however, to bring out the evident intensity of the writer's feelings and at these postscribts. bring out the evident intensity of the writer's feelings, and at times postscripts were added on the ends of the cards or on the extreme upper margin. The signature was usually "P. Eugene J. Prendergast." but at times only the initials of the Christian name were signed. From day to day the communications disclosed the peculiar excitement and vagaries under which the writer was laboring. He kept repeating his language.

language. Threatened the President.

In some of the communications Prendergast cheered Senator Dubois in his struggle against the repeal of the silver purchasing violent, sentiment against President Cleve land and his policy and those who were con-ducting the bill in the senate. "Hold to your guns," he wrote day after day, "and the victory will be ours." Then he would off into some extreme denunciation of the friends of repeal.

In one communication Prendergast described the position of President Cleveland as "mere bluff," and declared that if the fight against "the bluff" were only kept up another "last" week the bill would be defeated.

It is only conjectural as to what the in-flamed mind of Prendergast might have in-duced him to do in Washington in case his silver idol had been shattered a week ago but certain it is that the communications sent to Senator Dubols were as violent in temper and menacing in expression as those which he directed to Mayor Harrison, according to those described in the dispatches of today. Senator Dubois secretary has fortunately preserved a few of the more recent letters from Prendergast, most of them were destroyed. Those re-maining are mainly of a rambling nature. The following is a verbatim copy of one of them, which is dated October 21, 1893, and addressed to "Senator Dubois of Idaho, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.

One of Prendergast's Letters. One of Prendergast's Letters.

Dear Sir: I think Grover Cleveland has met with the same fate that John L. Sullivan did at the hands of James G. Corbett lately. There is no possibility that repeal can come unless some infamous unconstitutional or unusual practice is resorted to and if cloture is adopted it's resorted to and if cloture is adopted it's resorted to at the risk of our national peace and none but the enemies of popular government will consent to such dishonorable methods to choke the popular voice. Without cloture there is no possibility thut repeal will come and if there is any way of overcoming cloture repeal cannot come. Yours sincerely.

P. Eugene Jos Prendergast.

None of the cards bear the date line of Chicago, but are postmarked in that city.

Chicago, but are postmarked in that city. The others in possession of Senator Dubois are similar in form and sentiment. It is no doubt fortunate for the country that Prendergast did not conclude to come to Washington to do his worst. We would doubtless have been another Guiteau.

Western Pensions. Pensions issue of October 16: Nebraska:
Originat—Milton R. Browning, Chase, Chase;
Carl E. Borzquist, Sidney, Cheyenne; William N. Culbertson, Grand Island, Hall; Benjamin F. Wells, Blair, Washington, Increase—Perry McVay, Red Cloud, Webster, Original Widows, etc.—Jenathan C. Dove (father), Plattsmouth, Cass; Mary Ann Rose, Broken Bow, Custer.

Iowa: Original Widows, etc.—Peter Myers (father), Tloga, Mahaska; Jennie M. Reeves, Montrose, Lee; Mary M. Parks, Genoa, Wayne.

Genoa, Wayne. Colorado: Original widows, etc. - Bridge Day, Denver, Arapahoe; Josephine M. Ma-loney, Greeley, Weld. Pension issue of October 14: Nebraska: Increase—Andrew Seery, St. Michael, Buffalo. Reissue—William H. Jones, Morse Bluff, Saunders; Sanford Shaver, Central City, Merrick. Mexican war survivor: Increase—Willis Webb, Wymore, Gage.

Iowa: Additional—Hiran Kaster, Straw-berry, Point Control of the Cont

berry Point, Clayton. Increase—William H. Hoffman, Sac City, Sac; John Loughery, DeWitt, Clinton. Original widows, etc.— Mary A. Luke, Keosauqua, Van Buren; Emily A. Dennis, Paris, Linn. Mexican war survivor — Increase — John A. Emmert, Marshalltown, Marshall Widow—Indian wars—Sarah Woods, Casey, Guthrie. Colorado: Mexican warsurvivor—Increase — Joseph Benoist, Windfield, Chaffee.

South Dakota: Reissue and increase— James Rodenhurst, Lebanon, Potter. Wyoming: Mexican war aurvivor—In-crease—John Sessions, South Pass City, Fremont.

Washington, Oct. 29.-The officers of the cruiser New York have received instructions from the Navy department to hold them-selves in readiness to be called into service at short notice. The statement that the New York has received orders to proceed to Brazil is not admitted by the department. Admiral Skerritt, on the Boston, which has been at Honolulu, has been detached.

Confirmations by the Senate. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- The following ap-

pointments were confirmed by the senate Saturday: Postmasters—A. T. Hamilton, Comanche, Tex.; John F. Haden, Tyler, Tex.; S. H. Horton, Whitesboro, Tex.; P. E. Trulick, Ballinger, Tex.

The nomination of John R. Mobley of Waco, Tex., to be corsul at Acupulco, Mex., was rejected.

COMING WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Matters that Will Demand the Attention of the National Legislators.

Washington, Oct. 29 .- It Senator Voor hees' calculations do not miscarry the repeal bill will be disposed of by the senate between 2 o'clock and the hour of adjournment tomorrow. There will be a few more speeches on the subject during the day and a few more amendments offered, and, in all probability, voted down, after which the vote on the main question will be taken, the bill will be passed by a majority of ten or possibly eleven votes and the long contest will be ended and the purchasing clause of the Sherman act expunged from the books so far as it lies in the power of the senate to

Will Run Smoothly Now.

With the silver phase of the financial question out of the way, the senate will be ready to either adjourn until the beginning of the regular congressional session in December, or to take a recess until some specified time previous to the 4th of December. With the pressure removed it is probable the senate will tomorrow, for the first time for almost two weeks, adjourn after the con-clusion of the day's business until noon the next day, after which the sessions will run along regularly in accordance with the custom of that body until some other emergency

tom of that body until some other emergency arises to create a change.

It is probable the senate will during the week dispose of the house bill extending the time in which Chinese laborers may be allowed to register. This bill will be reported to the senate by its committee on foreign relations tomorrow and the supposition is it will be taken to many the supposition in the supposition in the supposition. tion is it will be taken up immediately after the passage of the repeal bill, as the adminis

tration is said to be desirous of having the bill be one a naw before adjournment.

Senators are counting upon an adjournment of a recess by Thursday. Which it shall be will depend wholly upon the wishes of the committee on ways and means. Prominent members of the house assure the senators that the house will dispose of the repeal bill one day after receiving it.

House Forecast.

The house will lay aside the bankruptcy The house will lay as the the bankruptcy bill as soon as the repeal bill comes back from the senate. If the unexpected does not happen Mr. Wilson will be recognized to move concurrence in the senate amendment. The silver men show no disposition to fill-buster, but if they should try such tactics a rule will be brought in by the committee on rules that will force a vote. A few hours will be allowed before the previous question, calling off all debate, is demanded. The repeal men have been telegraphed to be here.

calling on all debate, is demanded. The re-peal men have been telegraphed to be here, and they expect 260 members present when the bill comes to the house. The customs part of the tariff bill is in the hands of the subcommittee, but has not been submitted to the full committee or a majority of the members. It will probably be submitted during the week. Work has not been pushed with quite so much vigor, since it seems possible the silver bill will be passed and congress adjourn. While there passed and congress adjourn. While there has been considerable talk in the committee as to the increase of the tax on whisky and beer, it seems not to have been agenerally decided upon. The whole matter of an increase in internal taxes would depend largely upon the estimated revenues to be derived from the customs. During the past week there has been less talk about an increase tax then before. It is claimed by an income tax than before. It is claimed by some members of the majority than when the bill comes to the house it will meet with a great deal of opposition, and it will be doubtful policy to weight it down with any-

Would Be Pleased by Adjournment. The majority of the members of the ways and means committee would be well pleased to see congress adjourn soon, that they might be allowed to work on the bill until the reg-

The committee on banking and currency promises to have another spirited meeting Tuesday, when the Springer resolution, as it comes from the subcommittee to the ful

ommittee, will be disposed of.
The most important thing pending before the committee and upon which most interest centers is the proposed repeal of the 10 per cent tax on bank circulation. The division in the committee is very close and it may take an actual vote to determine what shall be done. Six republicans and one democrat are sure to be against the repeal and it is thought two other democrats are counted, although the democrats in favor of repeal claim that they will have a majority when the vote comes. If this majority cannot be obtained in any other way it has been suggested the bill be reported with conditions imposing federal restrictions upon state bank circulation. It is thought by some that such a bill would perhaps meet with more favor in the mittee than unconditional repeal. when the bill gets into the house the condi tions could be swept away by those who pre-fer to see the bill pass, absolutely repealing the tax and the statutes in reference to it

GAVE IN CHARITY.

Mrs. George Gould Takes Pity on an Unfor tunate Switchman.

Sedalia, Mo., Oct. 29. - Special Telegram o THE BEE.]-Mrs. George Gould, wife of the president of the Missouri Pacific Railway company, and who tarried here yesterday while her husband was on a hunting trip in Benton county, performed an act of charity that has endeared her to the people of Sedalia. She was seated at a wir the private car, Atalanta, when her attention was directed to Harry Kunrede, an armiess switchman, who also has one leg. He was walking through the yard past the car when Mrs. Gould called to him and interrogated him regarding his misfortune. He informed her that he had lost his limbs by being run over by a switch engine on the Missouri Pa-cific, and her sympathy at once went out to him, as did that of Miss Anna Gould and Mrs. Hamilton, who were also in the car. Several dollars were contributed by the three ladies and given to the unfortunate man and Mrs. Gould took his name and promised to send a package of clothing for his wife and children on her return to New

While Out Hunting. SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE |-It was learned today that George Gould, president of the Missouri Pacific Railway company, had a narrow escape from being killed while hunting twenty-five miles south of here, in Benton county, yesterday. Mr. Gould was trudging along through the underbrush, in company with General Manager Doddridge and Division Superintendent Stillwell of the Missouri Pacific, Captain E. W. Stevens, mayor of Sedalia, and N. Carter, a friend from New York, when the trigger of his breechloading gun came in contact with a twig. The barrel of the gun rested upon his right shoulder, the muzzle being only a few inches shoulder, the muzzle being only a few inches from his head, when the weapon was dis-charged. None of the shot struck Mr. Gould, but he was badiy stunned, and it was some little time before he recovered from his fright. The gentleman said nothing about his unpleasant experience on his return to the city, the news of the mishap being learned from other members of the narty

GUTHRIE, Okl., Oct. 29 .- Two members of

the Daiton gang entered Hall's store at Cushing, fifty miles east, Thursday evening and ordered the proprietor to deliver up all the money in the safe, amounting to \$120. The robbers then coolly walked out and joined the remainder of the gaug, who were

waiting for them. There were twenty men in the store at the time, but not one of them raised a hand.

IOWA POLITICS.

Five Tickets to Be Filed-What the Parties Are Doing. DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—The coming

week will be an exceedingly lively one it Iowa politics. The camp fires of all the parties, of which there are five, are burning brightly in an attempt to induce the waver ing voters to accept their doctrines and par take of their hospitality. Two big reputlican meetings were held here yesterday afternoon and last evening in the interest of the laboring men. They were audressed by Congressman W. P. Hepburn, A. C. Rankin, the molder orator of Pittsburg, and Hou J. L. Webs'er of Nebraska. Tomorrow even is the democrats will hold a counter attraction, to be addressed by Governor Boies of Iowa and Governor Stone of Missouri. On Tuesday evening the populists will noid forth with Mrs. Lease and others as speakers. On the eve before election the republicans of this city will hold a grand closing rally, with the following array of speakers: Hon Frank D. Jackson, candidate for governor; General J. S. Clarkson, Hon. Lafe Young, Judge Maccus Kavanaugh, Hon. A. B. Cummins, Captain J. A. Thuli, Major E. H. Conger. The other parties will also hold closing rallies here, but the arrangements are not yet perfected. The campaign just closing has been one of orator of Pittsburg, and Hon. J. L. Webster

The campaign just closing has been one of the most exciting in recent years. The re-publicans and populists have been the most aggressive, while the democrats have relied mainly on Governor Boles and the hope of holding the anti-prohibition republican vote, which has contributed largely to his success in the past. They also hope the bolting re-publican prohibitionists will cut sufficient publican prohibitionists will cut sufficient figure to weaken the republican ranks and let the governor in. They claim his election is certain, but give no figures and make no claims for the balance of the ticket. The republicans, lowever, are confident of the election of Jackson and the entire ticket by the largest plurality in a dozen years.

BURNING THE GROUND.

Peculiar Results of a Prairie Fire in Hum-

boidt County, Iowa. Fort Dodge, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Several hundred acres in Humboldt county that last summer raised the biggest hay crop in Iowa are burning away to ashes. The soil itself is being consumed by fire and in places eaten away to a depth of fifteen feet. Two years ago the land was several feet under water and was known as Owl lake. It was purchased by George R. Pearsons of this city and drained by a big ditch It dried up, leaving a very rich soil. The earth was peaty in character and a few days ago when a prairie fire swept over it. the soil itself took fire, burning like turf. All efforts to queach it are unavailing and unless rain comes the whole bed of the take will be burned away. The fire eats down to a bard clay that will be of no use for farming purposes. Any number of interesting fossil remains are exposed to view where the fire has burnt out. Several acres have already been destroyed.

Dedicated a Church.

MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., Oct. 29.-[Special to THE BEE]-The new Methodist Episcopal church of this city was dedicated today, Rev. Dr. Lewis Curts of Chicago delivering the formal sermon. The Enworth league services occurred this evening. The new edifice cost over \$10,000 and is one of the finest buildings for church purposes in western

MIXED POLITICS.

Strange Conditions that Exist in Weld

County, Colorado. JULESBURG, Colo., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE Brg. I-Politics in Julesburg at present are in a very unsettled condition and no man knows just what a day may bring forth. Some time ago the populists held their convention and placed a county ticket in the field, and on Friday and Saturday of last week the democrats and republicans held their conventions and placed in nomination the necessary candidates to handle the county business.

On Saturday night in a vacant building in an unfrequented part of the town three men met who had been kicked out of the three old parties and created a new party, naming it the free silver democratic ticket, and placed the right number of candidates for the several county offices apon it and filed it with the county clerk, but with it filed a protest against the straight democratic ticket. Then the populists came in and filed a protest to the new ticket, which was promptly overruled by the county clerk and the protest to the democratic ticket sustained, leaving the new born free silver democratic ticket in the field. Nominees or on the straight democratic ticket have ap pealed their case to Judge Gleem, district judge, who will be here tomorrow to try the case in chambers. The old line democrats are very indignant and make the air blu explaining how they will now vote a straight republican ticket. Everybody now concedes the election of every man on the republican ticket.

ARRESTED FOR CHILD MURDER.

Charles Lambrecht, a Chicago Anarchist, Taken Into Custody in Pennsylvania, PITTSBURG, Oct. 29.—Charles Lambrecht a German anarchist, aged 22, wanted in Chicago for murder, was arrested at Sodom. upper St. Clair township, today by Inspector Kelly and Officer Landecker of the Pittsburg police. On October 19 Inspector Spey of Chicago wired the authorities to look out for Lambrecht. He arrived here yesterday and was arrested. A clipping from a Chicago paper was found in his coat, in which it was stated that on October 19 a 17-months-ole babe of John Kohis, a saloon keeper at 244 Maxwell street, had been shot through the head while lying in a baby carriage in Kohls' house. It was supposed at first that the child had been killed by a stray bullet. but it was learned that a party of anarchists had been thrown out of the saloon on account of noise and one threatened to have revenge. The prisoner disclaimed all knowledge of the murder

EXPERIENCE OF A COUNTESS.

Return of an American Girl Who Wedder a Titled Foreigner. NEW YORK, Oct. 20 - Countess Pappen

heim, formerly Miss Wheeler of Philadelphia, arrived here yesterday from England on the American line steamer New York. This is the first time she has been in this country since her separation from Count Maximilian Pappenheim, her husband. The estrangement between them was said to have been due to financial difficulties of the count. The separation has been attributed also to a disagreement between Count Pappenheim and the countess's mother. Countess Pappenheim belonged to one of the Countess Pappenheim belonged to one of the wealthiest families of Philadelphia. She met Count Pappenheim in the summer of 1888 upon the Isle of Wight. The count afterwards visited Philadelphia and every attention was shown him by society of that city Miss Wheeler and the count were married and lived happily until within the past few months.

past few months. Chased the "Rats."

FORT WORTH, Tex., Oct. 29. -- [Special Tele gram to THE BRE.]-When the "fraternity" printers came to work on the Gazette today at 1 o'clock they found a placard on the door signed by E. G. Senter, business manager,

The union printers, under the foremanship of W. J. McAllster, have charge of the Gazette. "Fraternity" printers not wanted on account of incompetency.

The "frateruity" has had charge of the Gazette since August, 1892. They will proceed in court against the Gazette claiming to have large stock interests, as 20 per cent of their earnings has been withheld for months and credited to their stock.

SAVED BY GUNBOATS

Narrow Escape of Spanish Garrison at Mellila from Annibilation.

TIMELY AID GIVEN THEM BY THE FLEET

Repulse of the Attacking Moors After a Desperate Fight.

FIEECE VALOR OF THE DUSKY WARRIORS

Great Bravery ... pmyed by the Soldiers from Spain.

HURRYING FORWARD REINFORCEMENTS

Spain Making Arrangements to Carry on the War Against the Natives-Some of the Incidents of the Great Battle.

Madrid, Oct. 29.—The battle fought yesterday and Friday night about the trenches before Mellila and which, as exclusively cabled to the Associated press, resulted in the death of General Margalio, who commanded the Spanish troops in the first battle about Sidi Quaritch, has caused a profound sensation here. The engagement yesterday was commenced by General Ortega, who, at the head of the reinforcements, drove the Moors from the trenches they had occupied before the Spanish fortifications. The Moors fought desperately and with great courage. Many of the Spanish soldiers were killed, and among them was the unfortunate general, who, only forty-eight hours previous, exposed his troop to a second defeat by opposing a mere handful of men to the enslaught

of thousands of Moors. The Spaniards were amazed at the courage shown by the Moors in yesterday's battle. In the face of a terrible fire the Moors charged recklessly forward until they managed to approach within twenty yards of the forts, driving the Spaniards in the trenches before them and cutting the telephone and telegraph wires which had been erected to keep the men in communication with the outside forts.

Saved by the Gunboats.

The Moors then attacked at an opening, driving the pickets before them, whereupon they advanced in force upon the right flank. as well as upon the rear of the forts, with the intention of cutting off the retreat of the Spaniards. This movement would undoubtedly have been successful had it not been for the skillful working of the guns on the Spanish warship Venacito. The guns on board the Venacito kept plumping shells in front of the Moorish advance as well as dropping a number in the

midst of them. The explosion of the shells greatly terrifled the Moors and drove them back when the fire of the infantry seemed unable to do so. The Spaniards retreated inside the forts

and had all they could do to reach the inside of the fortification in safety. Meanwhil the Moors pressed on, led by their chiefs and holy men, seemingly utterly regardless of danger, and succeeded in entering the Spanish trenches, capturing two modern field

pieces and a supply of ammunition.

The Moors, who had been recklessly advancing in spite of the fire directed upon them from guns and rifles, were unable to withstand the attack of cold steel in the hands of the Spanish soldiers. They no sooner got a taste of the bayonet than they began to retreat and the Spaniards drove

them out of the trenches. The Spaniards directed their attack against the body of the Moors who had captured the two guns from the trenches and who had been using them quite fairly against the forts and against the warships. Nothing seemed to stand before the charge of the Estra Madura regiment and the battalion of soldiers undergoing punishment for breaches of military law. They passed onward bayoneting those of the Moors who made any stand and managed to recover the

two field pieces. During the moment of panic which followed the death of General Margello the Moors succeeded in carrying off his body, and it was this more than anything else which enabled the officers to rally their men and make the charge that drove the

Moors from the trenches.

During the rush onward of the Spaniards a detachment of them pursued the Moors who were carrying away the general's body, and after a desperate hand-to-hand fight succeeded in recovering the body and eventually escorting it into Mellila.

of provisions and ammunition to Fort Cabrerizais, where the Spanish troops had been fighting without food for a whole day. No systematic pursuit of the Moors was attempted, owing to the insufficient force of soldiers at the fort, but it is understood

General Ortega afterwards sent a convoy

General Ortega is making preparations to take terrible vengeance for the death of General Margello. When the steamer brought the above de tails of the battle to Malaga firing was still proceeding, and it was reported the Moors had made another rally and had made an-

other attack in strong force on the Spanpatch, asking for reinforcements. The apparent delay by the government in pushing reinforcements forward is not due to laxity, but to the fact that such a large body of men is needed for operations against the Moors

that the War department has been severely

the frontier and more regiments will be shipped to Morocco just as soon as the government can transport them. Previous to the departure of the troops from Madrid they were reviewed by the king, who with uncovered head returned the salutes of the soldiers. The people cheered enthusiastically and Spain is now making war preparations on a very large scale, which will tax the resources of the government. | Some idea of the estimate which the Spanish commanders place upon the valor of the Moors may be judged from the fact that the government is shipping heavy artillery to be used against them.

There was a monster demonstration here today. Crowds of people paraded the streets, bearing banners and singing patriotic songs, while doing everything possible to urge the government to hurry forward reinforce-